A GENETIC INVESTIGATION ON THE EVOLUTION AND TAXONOMY OF THE GENUS NANNOSPALAX IN TURKEY

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A GENETIC INVESTIGATION ON THE EVOLUTION AND TAXONOMY OF THE GENUS *NANNOSPALAX* IN TURKEY

Currently there is no consensus over the details of evolutionary history and taxonomical classification of the genus *Nannospalax* in Turkey. This includes the geographical distribution of the different cytotypes, their relationships to one another, and the number of recognized species. In this thesis, in order to try to answer some of these questions, a 896 bp segment of the mitochondrial D-loop region of 120 samples belonging to *N. xanthodon*, *N. leucodon* and *N. Ehrenbergi* were amplified by the PCR method and sequenced. The relationships between species and between chromosomal forms of these species were investigated through various phylogenetic analyses. The results showed that *N. leucodon* and *N. ehrenbergi* were distinct species living in Thrace and Southeast Anatolia, repectively. Moreover, the idea that only *N. xanthodon* was distributed in the rest of Anatolia was not supported. Nine cytotpes were seen to cluster into three main groups, suggesting the presence of three different species in Turkey. *N. labaumei* includes 2n= 52S, 56W, 58 and 60 cytotpes, *N. xanthodon* contains 2n=36, 38, 40, and 52N cytotypes (western populations) and *N. nehringi* has 2n=50E, 54C and 56S cytotypes.

TÜRKİYE'Kİ *NANNOSPALAX* CİNSİNİN EVRİM VE TAKSONOMİSİ ÜZERİNE BİR GENETİK ARAŞTIRMA

Günümüzde Türkiye'de *Nannospalax* cinsinin evrimsel tarihi ve taksonomik sınıflandırılmasının detayları üzerine bir görüş birliği yoktur. Bunlar farklı sitotiplerin coğrafik dağılımını, sitotiplerin birbirleriyle ilişkilerini ve kabul edilen türlerin sayılarını içerir. Bu tez çalışmasında bu sorulardan bazılarına cevap bulmak için *N. xanthodon, N, leucodon* ve *N. ehrenbergi* türlerine ait 120 örneğin 896 baz çiflik mitokondrial D-loop bölgeleri PCR metodu ile çoğaltılmış ve dizilenmiştir. Bu türlerin ve türlerin kromozomal formlarının arasındaki ilişki çeşitli filogenetik analizlerle araştırılmıştır. Sonuçta, *N, leucodon* ve *N. ehrenbergi* türlerinin sırasıyla Trakya ve Güneydoğu Anadolu bölgelerinde yaşayan ayrı türler olduğu görülmüştür. Ayrıca, Anadolunun geri kalan kısmında sadece *N. xanthodon* türünün yayılış gösterdiği görüşü desteklenmemiştir. Dokuz sitotip, Türkiye'de üç farklı türün varlığını düşündüren üç ana grup oluşturmuştur. Bunlardan *N. labaumei*, 2n= 52S, 56W, 58 ve 60 sitotiplerini, *N.xanthodon*, 2n=36, 38, 40, ve 52N sitotiplerini ve *N. nehringi*, 2n=50E, 54C ve 56S sitotiplerini içerir.

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LIST OF SYMBOLS/ABBREVIATIONS

Symbol	Explanation
%	Percent
°C	Degree Centigrade
μl	Microliter
π	Nucleotide Diversity

Abbreviation	Explanation
2n	Diploid Number of Chromosomes
А	Adenin
bp	Base Pair
С	Cytosine
cyt b	Cytochrome <i>b</i>
D-loop	Displacement Loop
DNA	Deoxyribonucleic Acid
DNTP	Deoxyribonucleotide Triphosphate
Et-Br	Ethidium Bromide
Нар	Haplotype
Нр	Haptoglobin gene
Hd	Haplotype Diversity
Kb	Kilo-Base Pair
ML	Maximum Likelihood
mtDNA	Mitochondrial Deoxyribonucleic Acid
туа	Million Years Ago
NCBI	National Center for Biotechnology Information
NF	Number of Chromosomal Arms
NJ	Neighbour Joining
PCR	Polymerase Chain Reaction
RAPD	Random Amplified Polymorphic DNA
RFLP	Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism
rRNA	Ribosomal Ribonucleic Acid

TAE	Tris-Acetate-EDTA
tRNA	Transfer RNA
TSS	Turkish Straits System

1. INTRODUCTION

Rodentia is the largest group among mammalian orders, including 29 families, 426 genera and more than 2800 species (Nowak, 1991; Wilson and Reeder, 2005). Mole rats were previously considered to be in the family Muridae (Ronald and John, 1983; Corbet and Hill, 1991). Today, however, they are included in the family Spalacidae, which was originally identified by Gray (1821) (Wilson and Reeder, 2005).

Considering the details of their basic biology, mole rats or the East-Mediterranean rodents, are adapted to live in underground habitats. They eat roots, rhizomes and onions. Morphologically, they have cylindrical bodies, short legs and no tail. Body sizes vary depending on the climate, soil structure and nutrient richness of area. Their average weight is about 100-570 grams. They are separated from other rodents because of the absence of eyes and atrophied external ears. Their feet have not been adapted to dig. They dig the soil with powerful front teeth and push it with their heads, which is why their necks are very muscular (Figure 1.1).



Figure 1.1. General appearance of *Nannospalax nehringi* by Mustafa Sözen. (http://www.treknature.com/gallery/photo143119.htm)

Spalacidae family probably emerged in or near Anatolia during the late Oligoceneearly Miocene about 20 million years ago and expanded its distribution area up to Balkans, the Russian Steppes, Central Asia and Northern Africa by showing adaptations to live underground (Savic ve Nevo, 1990; Wilson and Reeder, 2005). Wahrman et al. (1969) asserted that the first ancestral mole rat had appeared in the region of Southeastern Europe or somewhere in Anatolia. The oldest member of Spalacidae; *Heramys eviensis*, thought to have lived in the Miocene Period, was found in Greece (Hofmeijer and De Bruijin, 1985). Yüksel and Gülkaç (1990), on the other hand, stated that European mole rat species originated in Asia. They suggest that mole rats passed into the Balkan Peninsula before early Pleistocene and remained isolated as a result of the formation of the Bosphorus and Dardanelles straits. Today mole rats have a wide Palearctic distribution spanning Southeastern Europe, Anatolia, the Caucasus, Transcaucasia, the Ukraine, Armenia, Syria, Palestine, Israel, Iraq, Jordan and Northern Africa (Nehring; 1898a; 1898b; Miller, 1912; Ognev, 1947; Darlington, 1957; Ondrias, 1966; Peshev and Mitev, 1975; Corbet, 1978; Corbet and Hill, 1991; Pantalayev, 1998; Wilson and Reeder 2005).

1.1. Taxonomy of the Genus Nannospalax (Palmer, 1903)

Detailed taxonomic, phylogenetic, zoogeographical and morphometric studies on Spalacidae familia were first undertaken by Mehely (1909). Mehely (1909) identified three subgenera (*Mesospalax, Macrospalax and Microspalax*) under the genus *Spalax*. Ellerman (1940) changed this classification and separated *Spalax* into *Spalax, Mesospalax* and *Nannospalax* subgenera. However, Ognev (1947) stated that Spalacidae only comprised the genus *Spalax* with two subgenera *Spalax* and *Microspalax*.

Ellerman and Morrison-Scott (1951), on the other hand, allocated *Spalax* genus into three species *Spalax microphthalmus*, *Spalax leucodon* and *Spalax ehrenbergi*. Also, they pointed out that *Spalax leucodon* and *Spalax ehrenbergi* were found in Turkey. Topachevskii (1969) divided family Spalacidae into two subfamilies: Prospalacinae (Extinct) and Spalacinae and divided Spalacinae into two genera *Microspalax* and *Spalax*. Besides, Topachevskii (1969) introduced three species; *M. nehringi* (Satunin, 1898), *M. leucodon* (Nordmann, 1840) and *M. ehrenbergi* (Nehring, 1898) in the genus *Microspalax* and reported that *Microspalax nehringi* (in Anatolia), *Micropalax leucodon* (in Thrace) and *Micropalax ehrenbergi* (in Southeastern Anatolia) were found in Turkey. Topachevskii (1969) also synonimized four species (*S. ehrenbergi*, *S. kirgisorum*, *S. intermedius* and *S.* *aegyptiacus*) identified by Nehring (1898) into *S. ehrenbergi*. Thus, distribution area of *S. ehrenbergi* was modified to include Egypt, Syria, Lebanon, Jordan and southeast of Turkey. Corbet (1978) stated that there was only one genus (*Spalax*) and three species; *Spalax microphtalmus, Spalax giganteus* and *Spalax leucodon*, and only *Spalax leucodon* was found in Turkey, and other names recorded in Turkey were synonyms.

Gromov and Baranova (1981) and Pantalayev (1998) classified two genera (*Spalax* and *Nannospalax*). They included *N. leucodon*, *N. nehringi*, *N. ehrenbergi* in the genus *Nannospalax*, and *S.arenarius*, *S. giganteus*, *S. graecus*, *S. microphthalmus*, *S. polonicus* in the genus *Spalax*.

Currently, the majority of researchers working on mole rats accept Topachevski (1969) 's classification. Since Gromov and Baranova (1981) used *Nannospalax* instead of *Microspalax* because of homonym, today Turkey's mole rats are classified under the genus *Nannospalax* (Palmer, 1903). The most comprehensive morphological study on *Nannospalax* genus in Turkey was made by Kıvanç (1988). He collected 1100 samples from different regions of Turkey. After evaluating the individuals morphologically, he indicated that *N. leucodon* and *N. ehrenbergi*, and the subspecies *N. leucodon nehringi*, *N. leucodon armeniacus*, *N. leucodon cilicicus*, *N. leucodon anatolicus*, *N. leucodon turcicus*, *N. ehrenbergi intermedius* and *N. ehrenbergi kirgisorum* belonging to these two species are distributed throughout Turkey (Figure 1.2).



Figure 1.2. Map showing the species and subspecies of Spalax in Turkey (Kıvanç, 1988).

To date, it has been accepted by many researchers that there are two species in Turkey; *N. ehrenbergi* in Southeastern Anatolia and *N. leucodon* in the rest of Turkey. However, in other studies three species have been recognized. *N. ehrenbergi, N. leucodon* and *N. nehringi* have existed in Southeastern Anatolia, in Thrace and in other parts of Anatolia, respectively (Wilson and Reeder, 2005). On the other hand, Krystufek and Vohralik (2009) reported that *N. nehringi* (Satunin, 1898) from Kars was the synonym of *N. xanthodon* (Nordmann, 1840) identified in Izmir. Consequently they concluded that only *N. ehrenbergi* and *N. xanthodon* to be present in Anatolia.

The studies above are usually related to morphological characteristics and their results show how difficult taxonomic evaluation of the *Nannospalax* genus is. Karyological studies that have gained momentum in recent years brought a different perspective to the taxonomy of *Nannospalax* in Turkey and directed the attention of taxonomists to differences of populations within subspecies.

1.2. Karyological Studies on Nannospalax Genus in Turkey

Karyological and molecular studies on this genus have been steadily increasing in Turkey and other countries in the last decade. In these studies, numerous karyotype forms have been identified with regards to the distribution of the genus. These karyological forms are defined by the number of diploid chromosomes (2n) and the differences in chromosome arm numbers (NF).

Taking into consideration the karyological studies made so far on the *Nannospalax* genus, 11 (2n: 36, 38, 40, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62), five (2n= 48, 52, 54, 56, 58), and one (2n=56) karyotype forms of *N. xanthodon, N. ehrenbergi*, and *N.leucodon*, have been detected in Turkey, respectively. Moreover, the number of chromosome arms of these species ranges from 66 to 90 (Soldatovic and Savic, 1978; Savic and Soldatovic, 1979; Yüksel, 1984; Gülkaç and Yüksel, 1989; Butler et al., 1993; Nevo et al., 1994, 1995; Coşkun, 1996a, 1996b, 1999, 2003; Ivanitskaya et al., 1997; Sözen and Kıvanç, 1998a, 1998b; Sözen et al., 1999, 2000a,b, 2006a,b; Yüksel and Gülkaç, 2001; Tez et al., 2001, 2002; Sözen, 2004). The most widespread one among chromosomal forms of *N. leucodon* is 2n=60 which has eight different NF values (NF: 72, 74, 76, 77, 78, 80, 82, 84) (Kankılıç et al., 2009).

Until now, two opinions were put forward about the most ancestral chromosomal forms. Nevo et al. (1994) suggested that 2n=38 karyotype is the ancestral form and other karyotypes have emerged as a result of Robertsonian fissions occuring in metacentric chromosomes. However, the second view accepts that showing wider distribution, the ancestral karyotype might be 2n=60. Other karyotypes have been formed from 2n=60 by chromosomal rearrangements, especially by Robertsonian fusion and pericentric inversion (Ivanitskaya et al., 1997; Ivanitskaya et al., 2008; Matur et al., 2011).

Nevo et al. (1995) emphasized that Anatolia mole rats having different diploid chromosome numbers should qualify them as a separate species because of their different allozyme patterns. If this view is accepted, Turkey would have almost 20 distinct species. However, Krystufek and Vohralik (2009) stated that there were only three species and refute Nevo (1995)'s hypothesis. Kankılıç et al. (2014) also did not support the idea that

each chromosomal form should be regarded as separate biological species. However, they emphasized that some cytotypes (2n = 36, 38, 40, 50, 52) of *N. xanthodon* had genetic and morphological differences large enough to be treated a separate species and Anatolia populations consisting of 2n = 60, 2n = 58 and 2n = 56 chromosomal forms were not different from each other karyologically. They determined five allopatric species as *N. leucodon* in Thrace, *N. ehrenbergi* in Southeastern Anatolia, *N. nehringi* (2n=50) in Eastern Anatolia, *N. xanthodon* (2n=36, 38, 40, 52) in Western Anatolia and *N. labaumei* in Central Anatolia (2n=56, 58, 60).

1.3. Molecular Studies on the Genus Nannospalax in Turkey

After the 1950s, with the emergence of phylogenetic systematics methods, molecular characteristics of organisms started to be investigated using allozyme, mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA), Ribosomal ribonucleic acid (rRNA) (12S and 16S), and nuclear DNA, random amplification of polymorphic DNA (RAPD) analyses, besides morphological, karyological, biometric features. The results obtained with the implementation of these methods help support morphological studies and reveal genetic differences between sibling species (Ben-Shlomo et al., 1996; Nevo et al., 1999; Nevo et al., 2003; Reyes et al., 2003).

The initial molecular DNA studies on the genus *Nannospalax* started in Israel in 1989, with DNA-DNA hybridization studies among chromosomal forms of *N. ehrenbergi* species (Catzeflis et al., 1989). These were followed by Haptoglobin gene (Hp) (Nevo et al., 1989) and Aldolase gene (A and B genes) (Nevo et al., 1990) DNA polymorphism studies in Israel. In these two studies, genetic variation was explored by cutting DNA with different restriction enzymes (RFLP) and significant levels of variation were detected. Subsequently, by using the polymerase chain reaction (PCR), restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP), RAPD (random amplification of polymorphic DNA) and DNA sequencing analyzes were carried out. (Nevo and Beiles, 1992; Ben-Shlomo et al., 1996; Nevo et al., 1993; Nevo et al., 1999; Reyes et al., 2003). Nevo et al. (2001) evaluated the data obtained by the methods mentioned above as a whole and identified four karyotypic forms of *N. ehrenbergi* in Israel as four different species: karyotypes of *S. galili, S. golani*, *S. carmeli* and *S. judaei* were accepted as 2n=52, 54, 58 and 60, respectively. According to these studies, the oldest species was *S. golani*, which branched off approximately $1.6 \pm$

0.30 mya. *S. golani* and *S. galili* were the first differentiated species in the superspecies category. *S. judaei* and *S. carmeli* splitted approximately 0.2 ± 0.04 mya.

The first allozyme study on *Nannospalax* in Turkey was carried out by Nevo et al. (1994). Researchers collected 14 samples (three chromosomal forms) from four locations where *N. ehrenbergi* was found, and 55 samples (six chromosomal forms) from 20 locations where *N. leucodon* was found. Subsequently, they investigated allozyme diversity of these samples by examining them electrophoretically. The researchers claimed that speciation and adaptation were positively associated with drought stress and climatic changes. It was emphasized that 2n value and heterozygosity tend to increase towards the Central Anatolian plateau which is ecologically harsh and dry, climatically variable and geologically young.

Suzuki et al. (1996) performed another study on genetic differences of mole rats. In the study, three chromosomal forms (2n=38, 54, 62) of superspecies *N. leucodon* and two chromosomal forms (2n=52 and 58) of *N. ehrenbergi* from Turkey, one chromosomal form (2n=54) from Israel, and one chromosomal form (2n=60) from Egypt for *N. ehrenbergi* were examined. Using RFLP analysis sample DNA were cut with 10 different restriction enzymes, and variation of ribosomal DNA and mitochondrial DNA was analyzed. As a result, differences between *N. leucodon* and *N. ehrenbergi* were seen to be quite high. In addition, substantial intra-species differences between different chromosomal forms were observed. The maximum levels of genetic polymorphism were observed in the *N. leucodon* superspecies.

The first study of mtDNA sequence analysis on *Nannospalax* in Turkey was made by Arslan et al. (2010). They used cytochrome b (*cyt b*) gene sequences of 13 mole rats belonging to *N. xanthodon* from Konya province. Three distinct cytotypes (2n=40, 58 and 60) were compared with each other. In the end, it was suggested that mitochondrial differences were very high among cytotypes and they were different allopatric species. Moreover, they concluded that the cytotype having smallest chromosomal number (2n=40) had evolved most recently. As for the 2n=60 cytotype, it was considered to be the ancestral form.

Kandemir et al. (2012) studied three species (*N. xanthodon, N. leucodon and N. ehrenbergi*) from western Turkey. They used *cyt b* sequences, 402 bp long, of nine cytotypes. Based on the phylogenetic analyses, *N. xanthodon* and *N. leucodon* were found as monophyletic species; however, previously defined *N. galili, N. golani, N. carmeli* and *N. judaei* species in Israel (Nevo et al., 2001), and *N. ehrenbergi* were observed to be paraphyletic. It was found that cytotypes with low chromosome numbers were separated from higher chromosomal forms as a monophyletic group. They suggested that more detailed investigations were required to conclude if cytotypes of *N. xanthodon* and *N. ehrenbergi* belong to different species.

Krystufek et al. (2012) studied the evolutionary history of the genus *Nannospalax* by using *cyt b* sequences from different 34 localities including Turkey, Israel, Egypt and Bosnia and Herzegovina. Although cytotypes of *Nannospalax* which are difficult to distinguish morphologically are known to be allopatric, their taxonomy is not unequivocal and a clear conclusion could not be reached. As a result of the analyses two different groups were specified as subgenera *Nannospalax* and *Mesospalax*. In this study the relationships within *Mesospalax* were unresolved. It was stated that among these three morphological groups the genetic diversity was distributed from highest to lowest in *N. leucodon*, *N. ehrenbergi* and *N. xanthodon*. The researchers also did not support Nevo et al.'s (2001) idea that every chromosomal form of mole rats is a distinct biological species.

In another study, Hadid et al. (2012) studied ~4 kb of mtDNA sequences of 41 samples of family Spalacidae from eastern Mediterranean steppes. They examined the harmony between tectonic history and paleoclimate. They concluded that the formation of the marine barrier between Anatolia and the Balkans, Turkish Straits System (TSS) caused the separation of the branch *Nannospalax* from branch *Spalax*. Furthermore, during formation of the Taurus Mountains, Anatolian high plateaus and mountains got uplifted as a result of tectonic movements and this might have caused split of *N. ehrenbergi* and *N. vasvarii*. It was expressed that *Nannospalax* genus was more dominant than *Spalax* in Turkey, and that *Nannospalax* comprised four species (*N. ehrenbergi*, *N. vasvarii*, *N leucodon* and *N. xanthodon*). rRNA and mtDNA analyses in the study showed that *N. ehrenbergi* was basal to the *N. leucodon* clade, and the split took place in the late Miocene to early-Pliocene era. *N. ehrenbergi* and *N. leucodon* were thought to spread through plains

and plateaus depending on the salinity of the Mediterranean. This study supported the separation of *N. xanthodon* and *N. leucodon* from a common ancestor because of the TSS. Today *N. leucodon* is considered to inhabit Thrace, and *N. xanthodon* Anatolia.

In the most recent study upto date, Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014) analyzed the levels of genetic polymorphism in chromosomal forms of *N. xanthodon* and *N. ehrenbergi* by using restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) analysis. A significant variety in diploid chromosome numbers was identified for *N. xanthodon*. They claimed that *N. nehringi* was a distinct species and was not the synonym of *N. xanthodon*. They also stated that two additional species (*N. nehringi* and *N. labaumei*) were found in Anatolia apart from *N. xanthodon* and *N. ehrenbergi*.

1.4. Mitochondrial DNA

The marker of choice for this thesis is mtDNA, which in multicellular organisms except some cnidaria is circular. Its average length changes between 14 and 17 kb. The main reason of this difference is the change of lengths of non-coding regions or repetition of some regions of mtDNA (Hwang et al., 1999).

Metazoa mtDNA generally contains 36 or 37 genes; 13 protein coding regions related to oxidative phosphorylation, two ribosomal RNAs (16S rRNA and 12S rRNA), 22 tRNAs and at least one non-coding region (Hwang et al., 1999). These non-coding regions (control region, A+C rich region etc.) contain elements that start and regulate replication and transcription of mtDNA.



Figure 1.3: Mitochondrial DNA map and D-loop region (Leigh-Brown et al., 2010).

There are various reasons why mtDNA is the preferred marker of choice in phylogenetic studies. It is inherited maternally and it lacks recombination. Also, it evolves approximately 10 times faster than nuclear DNA (Brown et al., 1979). Therefore, genes coding most mitochondrial proteins are used to construct phylogenetic relationships of subcategories such as family, genus and species. The non-coding regions can be used in species, subspecies and population level pylogenetic studies (Table 1.1) (Zhang and Hewitt, 1997).

Displacement loop (D-loop), also known as control region, is the largest non-coding region of mtDNA. It has the highest mutation rate in comparison with the other regions of mtDNA (Saccone et al., 1993). Larizza et al. (2002) stated that altough there are very conserved regions within D-loop, the rate of variable regions are generally higher; therefore, it is convenient for phylogenetic studies on rodents.

	Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family	Genus	Species	Population
Nuclear rDNA								
SSU (16-18S)	1							
LSU (23-28S)			_					
5.8S				و مر بنه بنه بنه بنه بنه .				
IGS							-	
ITS								
MtDNA								
rDNA								
12S								
16S								
Protein								
Coding genes								
ND1								
ND2							-	
COI							-	
COII					-		-	
Cytb				1 <u>00 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100</u>				
Control region								
Gene arrangement		-						

Table 1.1. Appropriate taxonomic level for each gene region of rDNA and mtDNA.

1.5. Thesis Objectives

Studies made so far on Anatolian mole rats showed uncertainties at different taxonomic levels. Today, questions like how many species of *Nannosplax* exist in Turkey and what the geographic distributions of these species are, do not have clear answers. Many different species have been proposed to exist so far in Anatolia, such as *N. xanthodon, N. nehringi, N. vasvari, N. leucodon, N. ceyhanus, N. tuncelicus, N. labaumei, N. intermedius, N.munzuri.* However, they have not been investigated in detail morphologically, genetically and karyologicaly, in order to evaluate their status as different biological species. Although many species were defined in Anatolia creating taxonomic confusion, accepting only one species for all Anatolian mole rat populations (except Southeastern Anatolia) can be overly simplistic. Therefore, the validity of existing species should be studied with detailed morphological, karyological, zoogeographical and genetical perspectives. (Corbet, 1978; Corbet, 1991; Ellerman ve Morrison-Scott, 1951; Harrison and Bates, 1991; Gromov ve Baranova, 1981; Kıvanç, 1988; Kryštufek ve Vohralik, 2009; Mehely, 1909; Mursaloğlu, 1979; Ognev, 1947; Topachevskii, 1969; Wilson ve Reeder, 2005).

As it can be seen above, even though Turkey has far more species, subspecies and karyotypic forms of *Nannospalax* genus when compared to other neighboring regions,

extensive DNA and molecular studies are still needed. Hence, mtDNA analysis of chromosomal forms should be performed with larger sample sizes to discover the genetic characteristics of each karyotype.

The aims of the thesis are to reveal genetic differences within and among *N*. *xanthodon*, *N.leucodon* and *N. ehrenbergi* in Turkey, to determine the phylogenetic relationships of these taxa and their chromosomal forms, to understand the degree of evolutionary change between the populations, and to contribute to a better understanding of the taxonomic status of each karyotypic form. To address these questions, sequencing analyses of the highly variable mtDNA D-loop region were used on the largest collection of samples and cytotypes of *Nannosplax* from Turkey, to date.

2. MATERIALS AND METHODS

2.1. Collection of Samples

One hundred and twenty individuals of three species (*N. xanthodon*, *N. leucodon* and *N. ehrenbergi*) were collected from 30 provinces (62 locations) in Turkey. Locations of samples are shown in Table 2.1 and Figure 2.1. The collection and morphologically identification of samples were done by Teoman Kankılıç (Nigde University, Department of Zoology). Also, Kankılıç determined diploid chromosome numbers of specimens. 105 samples of nine different cytotypes (2n=36, 38, 40, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60) for *N. xanthodon*, three samples of one cytotype (2n=56) for *N. leucodon*, and 12 samples of one cytotype (2n=56) for *N. leucodon*, and 12 samples of one cytotype (2n=56) for *N. ehrenbergi* were evaluated.



Figure 2.1. Sampling locations of *Nannospalax xanthodon*, *Nannospalax leucodon* and *Nannospalax ehrenbergi*.

Location	Name of Sampling Location	species	Samples	2n
1	Aydın- Ortaklar	N.xanthodon	2	36
2	Aydın-Koçarlı	N.xanthodon	4	36
3	Balıkesir-Çömlekçi	N.xanthodon	2	38
4	İzmir- Foça	N.xanthodon	2	38
5	Manisa- Akhisar	N.xanthodon	2	38
6	Isparta- Yenişarbademli	N.xanthodon	4	40
7	Konya- Beyşehir-Yeşildağ	N.xanthodon	4	40
8	Ardahan- 10 km W	N.xanthodon	1	50
9	Ardahan- Göle	N.xanthodon	1	50
10	Ardahan-Merkez	N.xanthodon	1	50
11	Bayburt- Demirözü	N.xanthodon	2	50
12	Giresun- Eğribel geçidi	N.xanthodon	1	50
13	Kars-Susuz	N.xanthodon	2	50
14	Manisa- Pamukören	N.xanthodon	2	50
15	Rize- Ovid dağ	N.xanthodon	2	50
16	Bolu- Merkez	N.xanthodon	2	52
17	Bolu- Mudurnu	N.xanthodon	1	52
18	Bolu- Seben	N.xanthodon	2	52
19	Bolu-Abant	N.xanthodon	1	52
20	Bolu-Mengen	N.xanthodon	2	52
21	Mersin- Çamlıyayla	N.xanthodon	2	52
22	Kırıkkale- Keskin	N.xanthodon	3	54
23	Kırıkkale-10 km E	N.xanthodon	2	54
24	Kırıkkale-5 km E	N.xanthodon	2	54
25	Kırşehir- Seyfe Gölü	N.xanthodon	2	54
26	Manisa- Kula	N.xanthodon	3	56
27	Mersin- Tarsus-Gülek	N.xanthodon	9	56
28	Uşak- Organize sanayi sitesi	N.xanthodon	1	56
29	Adana -Pozanti- Alpu	N.xanthodon	2	58
30	Niğde- Ulukışla	N.xanthodon	4	58
31	Afyon- Eber göl	N.xanthodon	1	60
32	Aksaray- Şereflikoçhisar	N.xanthodon	1	60
33	Ankara- Çeltikli	N.xanthodon	1	60
34	Ankara- Gölbaşı-Ahırboz	N.xanthodon	1	60
35	Ankara- Haymana	N.xanthodon	1	60
36	Ankara- Kalecik	N.xanthodon	1	60
37	Ankara- Kızılcahamam	N.xanthodon	1	60
38	Ankara- Saravköv	N.xanthodon	1	60
39	Antalya- Akseki - Salamut Y.	N.xanthodon	1	60
40	Bilecik-Söğüt	N.xanthodon	1	60
41	Bolu- Ayman Yavlası	N.xanthodon	2	60

 Table 2.1. List of sampling locations, species, number of samples collected, and diploid number of chromosomes.

Sampling Location	Name of Sampling Location	Species	Number of Samples	2n
42	Burdur- Yeşilova-Harmanlı K.	N.xanthodon	1	60
43	Burdur-5 km S-Göl kenarı	N.xanthodon	1	60
44	Erzincan- Tercan-Yollarüstü K.	N.xanthodon	1	60
45	Eskişehir- Günyüzü-Sivrihisar	N.xanthodon	2	60
46	Isparta- Atabey	N.xanthodon	1	60
47	Isparta- Gönen	N.xanthodon	1	60
48	Isparta- Madenli-Gelendost	N.xanthodon	2	60
49	Isparta- Yalvaç	N.xanthodon	1	60
50	Konya- Akşehir	N.xanthodon	1	60
51	Konya- Beyşehir	N.xanthodon	2	60
52	Konya- Cihanbeyli	N.xanthodon	1	60
53	Konya- Kulu	N.xanthodon	1	60
54	Konya- Yunak	N.xanthodon	1	60
55	Kütahya- Emet	N.xanthodon	3	60
56	Kütahya- Hava Tugayı	N.xanthodon	2	60
57	Manisa- Selendi	N.xanthodon	1	60
58	Sivas- İmranlı	N.xanthodon	1	60
59	Kırklareli- Pınarhisar-Evciler	N.leucodon	2	56
60	Tekirdağ- Marmara Ereğlisi	N.leucodon	1	56
61	Adana- Şeyhmurat Köyü	N.ehrenbergi	2	56
62	Mersin- Tarsus	N.ehrenbergi	10	56

Table 2.1. List of sampling locations, species, number of samples collected, and diploid number of chromosomes (cont.).

2.2. DNA Extraction

Total DNA was extracted from liver tissues of the samples using Roche High Pure PCR Template Preparation Kit (Mannheim, Germany). The isolated DNA samples were eluted in 100 μ l of elution buffer. After the extraction, DNA samples were stored at -20°C until further processing. In order to evaluate presence of DNA 1% agarose gels were prepared. 0.40 grams of agarose was dissolved in 40 ml of 1X TAE buffer by using a microwave oven. 1% agarose gel was stained with 2 μ l of Ethidium Bromide for visualization. A mixture of 3 μ l of DNA and 3 μ l of loading dye were loaded in wells of the gels and 1 kb ladder was used for approximate quantification. The gel was run at 100 V for 25 minutes. The images of gels were taken using Quantity One software (Figure 2.2).



Figure 2.2. An agarose gel image showing extracted DNA.

2.3. PCR Amplification

Forward and reverse primers, 1FR (5'-TAATTACCCTGGTCTTGTAA- 3') and 4RV (5'-CTAATAATAAGGCCAGGACC-3'), were used in order to amplify the D-loop fragment of mtDNA (Reyes et al., 2003). PCR amplification was performed in a 50 µl reaction volume composed of 1 µl mt DNA, 3 µl of 25mM MgCl₂, 5 µl of 10X buffer, 1.25 µl of DNTP, 1.25 µl of each primer, 1.25U Taq DNA polymerase (Thermo Scientific) and double distilled water. PCR cycling conditions contained an initial denaturation step at 95°C for 10 minutes, followed by 30 cycles of 45 seconds at 95°C, 45 seconds at 46°C and 1 minute and a half at 72°C, and a final extension step at 72°C for 7 minutes. PCR samples were run in a 1% agarose gel at 100 V for 25 minutes and visualized.

Double bands were seen in some PCR results (Figure 2.3). To get rid of the PCR bands of the incorrect sizes, the E-Gel-Agarose Gel Electrophoresis System (Invitrogen, USA) was used. Before sending PCR products to sequencing, their concentration was measured using Picodrop Microliter UV/Vis Spectrophotometer (Picodrop, UK).



Figure 2.3. An agarose gel image showing showing double bands after PCR.

2.4. Data Analyses

Amplified DNA products were sequenced commercially (Macrogen, Korea). Sequences were edited and aligned with the Sequencher 4.8 program (Gene Codes Corp.). After alignment of the sequences, they were trimmed and 896 bp region of each sample was analysed. For comparison, 10 mtDNA control region sequences of *N. ehrenbergi carmeli* were used from GenBank, NCBI (National Center for Biotechnology Information) with the accession numbers AJ440439, AJ440440, AJ440441, AJ440443, AJ440444, AJ440445, AJ440446, AJ440447, AJ440448 and AJ440450.

In order to reveal the relationship of species Maximum Likelihood (ML) and Neighbor-Joining (NJ) trees were constructed with the software Mega v.5 (Tamura et al., 2011). Test of phylogeny was done with the bootstrap method and 1000 replications for all trees. The Jukes-Cantor model was used in building maximum likelihood tree and Maximum composite likelihood model was for the neighbor-joining tree. Mega v.5 was also used to show divergence between and within species by computing genetic distances using corrected and uncorrected p-distance. Statistics of haplotype diversity (Hd), nucleotide diversity (π), number of haplotypes, number of polymorphic sites, total number

of mutations and average number of nucleotide differences were computed with DnaSP v.5 (Rozas et al., 2003). Additionally, NETWORK Version 4.6.1.1 (Bandelt et al., 1999) was used to build a haplotype network, using the median joining method.

3. RESULTS

3.1. PCR Results

Primers 1FR and 4RV were used to amplify mitochondrial DNA D-loop region. With the PCR an approximately 1200 bp long fragment was amplified for each sample. The obtained DNA was transferred to an agarose gel electrophoresis device and run in 1% agarose gel. Gel image of the DNA samples stained with Et-Br and the size of mtDNA studies are shown in Figure 3.1.



Figure 3.1. An agarose gel image showing the PCR products.

3.2. Phylogenetic Analysis Results

In this thesis, 896 bp-long mtDNA control region fragments of 130 specimens were used for phylogenetic analyses. 105 specimens were *N. xanthodon*, 12 specimens were *N. ehrenbergi* and three specimens were *N. leucodon*. In addition, mtDNA control regions of 10 specimens of *N. carmeli* from GenBank were used for comparison. 95 haplotypes were

found in the 130 specimens analyzed. Number of haplotypes and haplotype distribution on the basis of chromosomal forms and species are given in table 3.1 and figure 3.2.

Species	Population	Number of Haplotypes	Haplotype
N xanthodon	2n=36	3	Hap_63, Hap_64, Hap_66
N. xanthodon	2n=38	4	Hap_56, Hap_61, Hap_62, Hap_67
N ranthodon	2n - 40	5	Hap_59, Hap_65, Hap_77, Hap_78,
1 v. xuninouon	211-40	5	Hap_79
N xanthodon	2n-50	7	Hap_22, Hap_28, Hap_29, Hap_35,
1 1. <i>линиюион</i>	211-50	7	Hap_57, Hap_58, Hap_80
N xanthodon	2n-52	7	Hap_17, Hap_18, Hap_19, Hap_36,
1 1. <i>линиюион</i>	211-52	7	Hap_41, Hap_68, Hap_69
N xanthodon	2n-54	6	Нар_20, Нар_21, Нар_23, Нар_73,
1 1. <i>линиюион</i>	211-34	0	Hap_74, Hap_75
N xanthodon	2n-56	7	Hap_14, Hap_30, Hap_31, Hap_33,
1 1. <i>линиюион</i>	211-30	7	Hap_34, Hap_38, Hap_60
N. xanthodon	2n=58	4	Hap_5, Hap_8, Hap_9, Hap_15
	2n=60		Hap_1, Hap_2, Hap_3, Hap_4,
			Hap_6, Hap_7, Hap_10, Hap_11,
			Hap_12, Hap_13, Hap_16, Hap_24,
			Hap_25, Hap_26, Hap_27, Hap_32,
N. xanthodon		34	Hap_37, Hap_39, Hap_40, Hap_42,
			Hap_43, Hap_44, Hap_45, Hap_46,
			Hap_47, Hap_48, Hap_49, Hap_50,
			Hap_51, Hap_52, Hap_53, Hap_54,
			Hap_55, Hap_71
N. leucodon	2n=56	3	Hap_70, Hap_72, Hap_76
N ahranharai	2n-56	6	Hap_90, Hap_91, Hap_92, Hap_93,
w. enrendergi	211=30	0	Hap_94, Hap_95
			Hap_81, Hap_82, Hap_83, Hap_84,
N. carmeli	2n=58	9	Hap_85, Hap_86, Hap_87, Hap_88,
			Hap_89

Table 3.1. Haplotype distribution with respect to species and chromosomal forms.



Figure 3.2. Chromosomal distribution of species including number of haplotypes.

The trees showed two main clades, which corresponded to the subgenera *Nannospalax* and *Mesospalax* of Krystufek et al. (2012). Among the species investigated, *N. ehrenbergi* was seen under subgenus *Nannospalax*, while subgenus *Mesospalax* contained *N. leucodon* and *N. xanthodon*.

When the trees were examined on the basis of species, southeastern populations (*N. ehrenbergi*) were clustered in a group of their own, similar to the Thracian populations (*N. leucodon*). On the other hand, *N. xanthodon* has been considered to exist, except for the southeastern parts, in the entire Anatolian peninsula. However, this species showed quite a polymorphic structure in the trees. Some populations of *N. xanthodon* were observed to be separated from each other by diploid chromosome numbers and/or geographical location. While chromosomal forms 2n = 52S, 56W, 58 and 60 were clustered on one branch, Western Anatolian chromosomal forms (2n = 36, 38, 40) were clustered on separate branches (Figure 3.3, Figure 3.5).

The results of the NJ analysis shows that *N. ehrenbergi* was separated from other species and chromosomal forms with a bootstrap value of 100. Haplotypes of *N. leucodon* were also clustered in a distinct branch with very high bootstrap support. Central Anatolian chromosomal forms of *N. xanthodon*, having mostly high number of chromosomes

(2n=52S, 56W, 58, 60), were grouped together and formed a distinct clade. Each chromosomal lineage of 2n = 36, 38, 40, 52N, 54, 56S classified within *N. xanthodon* was clustered on separate branches. While three haplotypes of 2n=50 cytotype were grouped together with 100% bootstrap support, other haplotypes were grouped based on other cytotypes. Cytotypes with the same number of chromosomes 2n=52 and 2n=56 were found in the northern and southern populations, and western and southern populations of the cytotypes, respectively (Figure 3.3). These are referred to as 2n=52N, 2n=52S, 2n=56W and 2n=56S from this point forward.



Figure 3.3. Neighbour-joining tree constructed with maximum composite likelihood

distances.



Figure 3.4. The neighbor-joining phylograms.

Maximum Likelihood trees were constructed using Jukes-Cantor model (Figure 3.5 and Figure 3.6). The maximum likelihood tree showed a similar topology to the NJ tree. *N. ehrenbergi* and all other populations were separated from each other by bootstrap values of 100, and *N. leucodon* was a sister species to *N. xanthodon* as seen in the NJ tree. For *N. xanthodon* species, haplotypes belonging to each chromosomal form were grouped together. However, differently from the NJ analysis, haplotypes of four chromosomal forms (2n = 52, 2n = 56W, 2n = 58 and 2n = 60) formed a mixed group.

Median-joining network constructed from sequences of 130 specimens also supported the clustering patterns and relationships observed in the NJ and ML trees. As in other phylogenetic trees, *N. ehrenbergi* and *N. leucodon* were clustered in different sections of the network from chromosomal forms of *N. xanthodon*. Haplotypes having the number of chromosomes with 2n=52S, 56W, 58, and 60 created a group, which was clearly separated from other populations of *N. xanthodon*. However, haplotypes belonging 2n=36, 38, 40, 52N, 54, 56S chromosomal forms were clustered in their own groups (Figure 3.7).


Figure 3.5. Maximum likelihood tree based on Jukes-Cantor model.



Figure 3.6. The maximum phylogram, with branch lengths measured in terms of the number of substitutions *per* site.



Figure 3.7. Median Network of Turkish mole rat haplotypes including 10 GenBank sequences. Haplogroups are colored as follows; Red= 2n=60, Pink= 2n=58, Light green= 2n=56, Dark purple= 2n=54, Dark blue= 2n=52, Light blue= 2n=50, Orange= 2n=40, Dark green= 2n=38, Dark red= 2n=36, Turquoise= *N. leucodon*, Yellow= *N. ehrenbergi* and Black= *N. carmeli*.

In summary, four major clades were found under the *Mesosplax* subgenus. The clade including 2n=52S, 56W, 58 and 60 cytotypes was named as *N. labaumei*. Other cytotypes were divided into two main clades referred to as *N. nehringi* (Clade 1), and as *N. xanthodon* (Clade 2). Additionally, *N. leucodon* was seen sister species of these clades, and *N. labaumei* as basal to all. Also the *Nannospalax* subgenus contained one clade of *N. ehrenbergi* (Figure 3.8).



Figure 3.8. Summary of the NJ tree including all valid species and cytotypes.

3.3. Genetic Diversity Analyses

Considering descriptive statistics of genetic diversity, as mentioned previously 95 haplotypes were retrieved from 130 samples. *N. xanthodon* had the greatest number of haplotypes among species. However, the highest haplotype diversity (Hd) was observed in *N. leucodon*. Since each sample of this species had a different haplotype, Hd value was 1.000. The lowest haplotype diversity was seen in *N. ehrenbergi*. Aditionally, the highest nucleotide diversity (π) was found in *N. xanthodon* while *N. leucodon* had the lowest π value.

As among the chromosomal forms of *N. xanthodon*, 2n=60 had the highest Hd value (0.998) while 2n=36 chromosomal form had the lowest value (Hd=0.600). In addition, 2n=50 (π =0.04567) and 2n=56 (π =0.04436) chromosomal forms had the two highest π values, and the lowest nucleotide diversity was observed in 2n=36 chromosomal form (π =0.00227).

The 130 sequences, comprising 896 bp had 288 polymorphic sites with 22 singleton variable sites and 266 parsimony informative sites. The total number of mutations was 370 (Table 3.2).

Population Name	Number of Sequences	Nucleotide Diversity	Haplotype Diversity Ha	Number of Haplotypes (b)	Number of Polymorphic Sites	Total Number of Mutation	Average Number of Nucleotide	
Nyanthadan		<i>n</i>	110	(II)			Differences	
2n:36	6	0.00227	0.600	3	4	4	1.933	
N.xanthodon 2n:38	6	0.01280	0.867	4	22	23	10.867	
N.xanthodon 2n:40	8	0.00808	0.786	5	17	17	6.857	
N.xanthodon 2n:50	12	0.04567	0.924	7	99	107	38.636	
N.xanthodon 2n:52	10	0.03820	0.933	7	86	90	32.089	
N.xanthodon 2n:54	9	0.02988	0.917	6	54	54	25.278	
N.xanthodon 2n:56	13	0.04436	0.872	7	91	93	37.436	
N.xanthodon 2n:58	6	0.01620	0.867	4	31	32	13.800	
N.xanthodon 2n:60	35	0.03386	0.998	34	159	185	28.440	
N.xanthodon Total	105	0.06093	0.993	77	210	255	50.081	
N.leucodon 2n:56	3	0.00782	1.000	3	10	10	6.667	
<i>N.ehrenbergi</i> 2n:56	12	0.01071	0.864	6	27	28	8.985	
N.carmeli 2n:58	10	0.02069	0.978	9	58	62	17.422	
TOTAL	130	0.09407	0.994	95	288	370	73.089	

Table 3.2. Population diversity parameters.

Pairwise corrected (upper diagonal) and uncorrected (lower diagonal) p-distances were calculated between all chromosomal forms of *N. xanthodon* and other three species (Table 3.3). The greatest genetic distance was observed between 2n=36 and 2n=58 (0.077) by using corrected p-distance, although using the uncorrected p-distance method the highest value (0.087) was seen between 2n=36 and 2n=60, between 2n=36 and 2n=58, and between 2n=38 and 2n=58. The lowest value was calculated between 2n=58 and 2n=60 among chromosomal forms of *N. xanthodon* by both (corrected and uncorrected) p-distance methods.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
1. N. xanthodon		0.026	0.047	0.046	0.041	0.053	0.053	0.077	0.060	0.070	0 222	0.102	
2n:36	-	0.030	0.047	0.040	0.041	0.055	0.055	0.077	0.009	0.070	0.222	0.192	
2. N. xanthodon	0.044		0.050	0.033	0.045	0.046	0.056	0.071	0.063	0.068	0.214	0.183	
2n:38	0.044	-											
3. N. xanthodon	0.052	0.061	-	0.036	0.042	0.056	0.051	0.072	0.064	0.067	0.221	0.189	
2n:40	0.032	0.061											
4. N. xanthodon	0.069	0.062	0.062		0.025	0.014	0.022	0.052	0.042	0.041	0.109	0.166	
2n:50	0.068	0.062	0.062	-	0.025	0.014	0.023	0.052	0.042	0.041	0.198	0.166	
5. N. xanthodon	0.061	0.071	0.064	0.000		0.020	0.020	0.040	0.022	0.026	0.100	0.164	
2n:52	0.061	0.071	0.064	0.066	-	0.030	0.029	0.040	0.032	0.036	0.196	0.164	
6. N. xanthodon	0.000	0.067	0.074	0.051	0.064		0.021	0.000	0.050	0.044	0.205	0 174	
2n:54	0.069	0.067	0.074	0.051	0.064	-	0.031	0.000	0.050	0.044	0.203	0.174	
7. N. xanthodon	0.076	0.005	0.076	0.077	0.070	0.067		0.040	0.022	0.044	0.104	0 170	
2n:56	0.076	0.085	0.076	0.067	0.070	0.067	-	0.040	0.032	0.044	0.194	0.172	
8. N. xanthodon		n 0.007	0.007	0.095	0.092	0.067	0.092	0.071		0.007	0.062	0.205	0 175
2n:58	0.087	0.087	0.085	0.082	0.067	0.085	0.071	-	0.007	0.062	0.205	0.175	
9. N. xanthodon	0.007	0.096	0.094	0.000	0.067	0.020	0.070	0.021		0.051	0 102	0.165	
2n:60	0.087	0.080	0.084	0.080	0.067	0.080	0.070	0.031	-	0.051	0.195	0.165	
10.N. leucodon	0.076	0.079	0.075	0.000	0.050	0.062	0.070	0.074	0.071		0.012	0.170	
2n:56	0.076 0.07	0.078	/8 0.075	0.000	0.039	0.062	0.070	0.074	0.071	-	0.215	0.179	
11.N.ehrenbergi	0.228	0.005	0.000	0.004	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.017	0.014	0.001		0.067	
2n:56	0.228	0.225	0.229	0.224	0.219	0.225	0.220	0.217	0.214	0.221	-	0.067	
12. N.carmeli 2n:58	0.203	0.200	0.203	0.198	0.193	198	0.204	0.193	0.191	0.193	0.081	-	
211.30													

Table 3.3. Between group genetic distances by using corrected (upper diagonal) and uncorrected (lower diagonal) p-distance.

Between species, *N. leucodon* and *N. ehrenbergi* were the most different from each other, whereas the smallest genetic distance was seen between *N. leucodon* and *N. xanthodon* species (Table 3.4). The pairwise distances within studied populations and species were also calculated. Among chromosomal forms of *N. xanthodon*, the greatest value (0.044) was found within cytotypes of 2n=50 and 2n=56, while 2n=36 and 2n=40 had the smallest genetic distance values within. In terms of species, the highest value (0.065) was observed within *N. xanthodon*, and the lowest genetic distance (0.008) was observed within both *N. leucodon* and *N. ehrenbergi* (Table 3.5).

	N. xanthodon	N. leucodon	N.ehrenbergi	N.carmeli
N. xanthodon	-	0.033	0.183	0.154
N. leucodon	0.070	-	0.213	0.179
N.ehrenbergi	0.220	0.221	-	0.067
N.carmeli	0.197	0.193	0.081	-

Table 3.4. Corrected (Bold) and uncorrected (Italic) P-distance values between Species.

Table 3.5. Genetic distance within populations

Population	d
N. xanthodon 2n:36	0.002
N. xanthodon 2n:38	0.013
N. xanthodon 2n:40	0.008
N. xanthodon 2n:50	0.044
N. xanthodon 2n:52	0.038
N. xanthodon 2n:54	0.029
N. xanthodon 2n:56	0.044
N. xanthodon 2n:58	0.017
N. xanthodon 2n:60	0.032
N. xanthodon Total	0.065
N. leucodon 2n:56	0.008
N.ehrenbergi 2n:56	0.008
N.carmeli 2n:58	0.020

4. **DISCUSSION**

Comprehensive revisions made previously (Corbet et al., 1991; Gromov and Baranova,1981; Wilson and Reeder, 2005) indicated that three *Nannospalax* species were found in Turkey and among these species *N. nehringi* was distributed throughout Turkey except Imbros, Tenedos and Southeastern Anatolia, *N. leucodon* was found only in Thrace, and *N. ehrenbergi* was present only in Southeastern Anatolia. However, a more recent revision made by Kryštufek and Vohralík (2009) on mammals of Turkey and Cyprus, suggested that *N. nehringi* was not found in Anatolia, but it was a synonym of *N. xanthodon* defined in Izmir by Nordmann (1840). These authors accepted that *N. xanthodon* was distributed in Anatolia, except Thrace and Southeastern Anatolia.

Considering molecular genetics studies on *Nannospalax* and their findings, different studies showed different number of species, and geographic distributions for these species. Kandemir et al. (2012) studied the chromosomal forms of these species of Turkey by using cytochrome b region sequences. Their phylogenetic analyzes showed that western chromosomal forms formed a monophyletic group and were separated from other chromosomal forms. Moreover, the authors claimed that new species should be defined in the regions since studied chromosomal lineages had relatively high genetic diversity. Another study by Arslan et al. (2010) indicated that three cytotypes studied (2n=40, 58 and 60) should comprise three separate species.

Investigating nine cytotypes of *N. xanthodon*, Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014) found high genetic diversity between chromosomal forms of Western, Eastern and Central Anatolia populations. They proposed three species (*N. xanthodon, N. nehringi* and *N. labaumei*) instead of the single *N. xanthodon* name for Anatolia.

Krystufek et al. (2012) found two main lineages referring to subgenera *Nannospalax* and *Mesospalax*. *Nannospalax* included *N. ehrenbergi*, while *Mesospalax* consisted of *N. leucodon* and *N. xanthodon*. Hadid et al. (2012) determined four major clades corresponding to *N. ehrenbergi*, *N. vasvarii*, *N leucodon* and *N. xanthodon* by using mtDNA sequences.

Studies conducted until now agree that *N. ehrenbergi* is accepted as a valid species in Southeastern Anatolia. Another consensus is that considering *N. xanthodon* and *N. leucodon*, the Turkish Straits System between Anatolia and the Balkans has caused the differentiation of these two species. Data obtained in this study supported that *N. ehrenbergi* and *N. leucodon* are valid species in Southeastern Anatolia and in Thrace, respectively. However, the idea suggesting that only one species (*N. xanthodon*) is dominant throughout the rest of Anatolia was not supported.

Nannospalax xanthodon was considered by many researchers as the dominant species of Anatolia. Furthermore, previously defined *N. nehringi*, *N. labaumei* and *N. vasvarii* have been considered as synonyms of *N. xanthodon* (Krystufek and Vohralik, 2009; Hadid et al., 2012) (Table 4.1). Based on karyological studies on samples from type locality for each *Nannospalax* species, *N. labaumei* and *N. vasvarii* had the same diploid chromosome number (2n=60) (Coşkun et al., 2010; Ivanitskaya et al., 1997; Kankılıç et al., 2009; Kryštufek and Vohralik, 2009, Kryštufek et al., 2012; Matur and Sözen, 2005; Nevo et al., 1995; Nevo et al., 1994; Savic and Soldatovic, 1979; Yüksel, 1984; Gülkaç and Yüksel, 1989). Hadid et al. (2012) accepted *N. vasvarii* as a valid species in Central Anatolia and the Taurus. However, Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014) accepted the name of *N. labaumei* for the central populations of Anatolia, as it was the oldest species previously defined.

Species	Type Locality	2n	Author	Year
N. xanthodon	İzmir	2n = 38	Nordman	1840
N. nehringi	Kars (Kazkoparan)	2n = 48	Satunin	1898
N. labaumei	Eskişehir (Porsuk Nehri	2n = 60	Metschie	1919
N. vasvarii	Malatya	2n = 60	Szunyoghy	1941

Table 4.1. Nannospalax species considered to be found in Anatolia.

As a result of the analyses of this thesis, *N. xanthodon* was observed to be paraphyletic. Populations belonging to cytotypes especially in Western Anatolia were found to be quite different from populations of cytotypes living in Central Anatolia.

In Central Anatolia 2n=52S, 56W, 58 and 60 chromosomal forms formed a monophyletic group. These cytotypes did not contain differences at the level of separate species or subspecies. Therefore, the 2n=60 cytotype and derivatives that evolved from this cytotype should be collected under a separate species. Based on this study *N. labaumei* is accepted as a valid species in Central Anatolia comprising 2n=52S, 56W, 58 and 60 cytotypes.

Geographical polarization among animals having limited movement ability like mole rats is seen even in populations which are very close to each other (Warhman et al., 1969; Nevo, 1979; Nevo, 1982). In this study, cytotypes that were geographically close to each other showed relatively smaller genetic distances, while cytotypes living in distant areas had higher distance values. Limited mobility of mole rats seems to work as a geographic isolation mechanism, causing cytotypes living in close regions to differentiate.

Each cytotype living in a specific region did not have differences at the level of species, although there were obvious differences between some specific cytotypes. To illustrate, the 2n=36 cytotype was restricted to the city of Aydın, the 2n=38 cytotype to Izmir, the 2n=40 cytotype to Konya-Beysehir, the 2n=52N cytotype to Bolu, the 2n=54 cytotype to the Kızılırmak Basin in Central Anatolia, and the 2n=56S cytotype to Southern Anatolia.

Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014) accepted *N. xanthodon* as a distinct species, and since type locality of this species is Izmir, they proposed that it was found in Izmir, Manisa, Balikesir, and the vicinity thereof. The authors suggested that *N. xanthodon* included the 2n=36 and 2n=38 chromosomal forms and was distributed in Western Anatolia. This suggestion was also supported by our results.

Sözen (2004) suggested that the northern and southern populations of the 2n=52 cytotype were different from each other. Moreover, Matur and Sözen (2005) proposed that Sakarya river formed a barrier between the 2n=52 (from east of Sakarya river) and 2n=60 (western populations). Also, Köroğlu and Ilgaz mountains could have caused differentiation of central population from northern populations (Gülkaç and Yüksel, 1999). In our study the northern 2n=52 population formed a clade, which did not cluster with the

central 2n=60 clades in the trees. Therefore, Sakarya river and Köroğlu and Ilgaz mountains may indeed have played a role in the differentiation of the northern 2n=52 cytotype.

In our study, *N. xanthodon* is accepted as a valid species and all of these western cytotypes (2n=36, 38, 40 and 52N) were grouped within species *N. xanthodon*. On the other hand, among these cytotypes the 2n=40 and 2n=52 may be subspecies of *N. xanthodon*, since they were isolated in certain areas geographically.

Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014) also suggested that as type locality of N. nehringi species was Kars, it should not be considered as a synonym of N. xanthodon, and N. nehringi should be accepted as a valid species in Eastern Anatolia where the 2n=50 chromosomal form was widespread. Our results do not support Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014) in these regards. Although, six haplotypes out of seven were close to each other geographically, these haplotypes of the 2n=50 cytotype did not form a monophyletic group. Additionally, Matur et al. (2011) examined G- and C-banded karyotypes of the 2n=50 cytotype from north, south, west and east of Turkey and found them to be different from each other. This result was supported by results of phylogenetic analyses of this study since western, northern and eastern populations were separated from each other. Hence, it can be concluded that the 2n=50 cytotype has not been differentiated enough to be considered as a separate species. The suggestion made by Kryštufek and Vohralík (2009) that N. nehringi was a synonym of N. xanthodon was also not supported by this thesis. Instead, forming a clade sister to N. xanthodon, N. nehringi is proposed as a different species including the 2n=50E, 54C and 56S cytotypes, and not only for the 2n=50 cytotype as Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014) suggested.

Considering some other cytotypes, although the 2n=40 cytotype was distributed in the same region (Konya and Isparta) with the 2n=60 cytotype, it was found to be considerably different. Besides, the clade containing the 2n=40 cytotype was close to western 2n=36 and 2n=38 chromosomal forms (*N. xanthodon*). Also the 2n=54 chromosomal form in Central Anatolia and the 2n=56 cytotype from Southern Anatolia were differentiated from other chromosomal groups. However, as sample location of each cytotype is only one province,

there is not enough evidence to consider them as separate species or subspecies in this study.

Some researchers also tried to address the question of the most ancestral chromosomal forms. Nevo et al. (1994) claimed the 2n=38 cytotype as ancestral form, while Ivanitskaya (1997, 2008) and Matur (2011) proposed the 2n=60 cytotype. Additionally, Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014) suggested the ancestral form to be the 2n=38 cytotype for the western populations (2n=36, 40 and 52N) and the 2n=60 cytotype for the southern populations (2n=52S, 56, 58 and 52), by considering Zima (2000)'s hypothesis that chromosomal forms having widespread distribution are ancestral. Along with this reasoning, based on our results, it can be concluded that the 2n=60 chromosomal form is ancestral for *N. labaumei*. However, our data do not support the 2n=38 cytotype being ancestral for *N. xanthodon*.

Previous to this thesis, the molecular study with the greatest number of samples and cytotypes of *N. xanthodon* and *N. ehrenbergi* was conducted by Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014). In that study, they had used RFLP analysis of the D-loop and *cyt b* regions. In their results, *N. ehrenbergi* was shown to cluster with the 2n=54 cytotype of *N. xanthodon*. In our investigation, *N. ehrenbergi* was in a basal clade to *N. xanthodon* and *N. leucodon*, which is in concordance with the literature. This suggests that the higher resolution achieved through sequencing gives more accurate results when compared to the RFLP method applied by by Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014).

5. CONCLUSION

The findings of this study are summarized as individual points as follows:

1. *N. ehrenbergi* is a valid species in Southeastern Anatolia.

2. *N. leucodon* is accepted as a separate species in Thrace.

3. Previously defined species *N. labaumei* Metschie (1919) (Eskişehir) and *N. nehringi* Satunin (1898) (Kars) are not synonyms of *N. xanthodon*. They correspond to two different species represented as two reciprocally monophyletic clades.

4. Central populations of 2n=52S, 56W, 58 and 60 cytotypes cluster together, and *N*. *labaumei* is accepted as the species containing these cytotypes. Moreover, the 2n=60 may be the ancestral form for this species.

5. The designation of *N. xanthodon* is supported for western populations including 2n=36, 38, 40 and 52N. Among these cytotypes 2n=40 and the 2n=52N may be subspecies under *N. xanthodon*.

6. The suggestion of Kankılıç and Gürpınar (2014) that *N. nehringi* consists exclusively of the eastern 2n=50 cytotype is not supported. We proposed *N. nehringi* to include 2n=50E, 54C and 56S cytotypes.

7. The results do not support the Nevo (1994)'s hypothesis that every cytotype is a separate species.

As follow-up steps to this study, and in order to make firmer conclusions, especially with regards to if the different cytotypes are separate species, and to give them proper species names, more molecular (especially nuclear), karyological and morphological studies should be performed with larger sample sizes, and also considering the potential geographical barriers between different cytotypes and species.

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APPENDIX A : 896 BP LONG mtDNA D-LOOP SEQUENCES OF 120 Nannospalax INDIVIDUALS

N. xanthodon

AU-4787

GCATTTATTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAGATATTATTAATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAACATTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGGAATACATATTATCAATGCTCTCCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAATGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAGCCAATT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATAAAAAT AATTAATTCTGATTTCCAATTCAATTACACGCACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTT ATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAATT TTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-4271

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AU-4541

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AU-4538

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GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATAAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTATTAAATATTATTGATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTATCGTACA TAACATTATAGTCCATACGAATAACCATGAAACACATATCATTAATGTTCTCCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAAGTTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATAAAAAT AATTAATTCTGATTTCCAATTCAATTACACGCACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTT TATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAAT TTTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

NU-180

AU-4934

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AU-4115

NU-170

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NU-179

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AU-5944

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AU-4785

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AU-4790

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NU-133

NU-167 GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTACTCTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTATTAGATATTATTGATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAATATTATAGTCCATACGAATACCCATGAAATACATATCATTAATGTTCTCCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA

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NU-166

AU-4938 GCATTCATTTATATGCCACATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATCTAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTACTATCCACTAGCATATA

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAA

AU-4657

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AU-4201

AU-4849

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AU-4840

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AU-4912

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AU-4913

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AU-4668

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AU-4571

GCATTCATTTACATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTACATAAA AGTACACAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATTTACTATCCACTAACATAT AAGCAAGTACTAAAAATCATTAATATTACATAACACATACTGTTATTACTGTAC ATAATATTATAATCCATACGGATACCCACATTATACATAACATGAATGCTTTGC TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCC ATATGTCTATCCACTACCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC CAACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTAGCTAACAATGTACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTCTCTCAGGGCCCATTGA

NU-184 GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTACAAATTATATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAGATATTATTAATATTACATAGCACATATTATTATTACCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGAAATACATATTATCAATGCTCTCCT GACATATCTGTGTTACTAGGCTAACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA

GCATTCATTTACATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCACGGATTATAAATTACACAA AGTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATTTACTATCCACTAACATAT ATAATATTATAATCCATACGAATACCCATATTATACATAACATGAATGCTTTAT TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCC ATATGTCTATCCACTACCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC CAACAACCCGCCCACTGGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGA ATGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGT CTAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACACACACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTT ATTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGGGGGCTTGAGAGAACCAA CCCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACATATG GCTATTAAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAG ATAATTACTCCTAGTTTCCAATTCAATCACACGTACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTT TTACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGACTTACATTAAA TTTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-4306 GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA

GCATTTATTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATAAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAGTTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAGATATTATTAATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAACACTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGGAATACATATTATCAATGTTCTTCT GACATACCTGTGTTACCAGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAGCCAATT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAAGTTAATGCTTCTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATAAAAAT AATTAATTCTGATTTCCAATTCAATTACACGCACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTT ATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAATT TTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

GCATTCATTTATATGCCCCATTAATAATTAAGCACGAACTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAGTGCATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAACCTATTATCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGCAATAGAAGTCATTAATATTACATAATACATATAGTCATCATCGTAC ATAACATTATCGTCCACACGGATATTCATATCATACATAGCATGAATGCTTTAA CGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCC ATATGTCTATCCACCCCCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC CAGCAACCCACCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGA ATGTTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGT CTAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTT CCCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACATATG GCTATTAAGTTAATGCTTACAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAG ATAATTATTCCTATTTTCCAATTCAATCATACGCACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTT TTACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAA TTCTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

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GCATTCATTTACATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAACCTACTATCCACTAACATATA AGCAAGTAATAGAAATCATTAATATTACATAACACATACTATTATTACTGTAC TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCC ATATGTCTATCCACTCCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC CAACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGA ATGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGT CTAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGCCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTT CCTTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACATATG GCTATTAGGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAG ATAATTACTCCTAGTTTCCAATTCAATCACACGTACGTTTCACAGAACTATTTT TTTTACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGACTTACCTTA AATTTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCC

AU-4572

GCATTCATTTACATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTACATAAA AGTACACAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATTTACTATCCACTAACATAT AAGCAAGTACTAAAAATCATTAATATTACATAACACATACTGTTATTACTGTAC ATAATATTATAATCCATACGGATACCCACATTATACATAACATGAATGCTTTGC TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCC ATATGTCTATCCACTACCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC CAACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTAGCTAACAATGTACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGGCCATTGA ATGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGT CTAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTT ATTTTCGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGAACCAA CCCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACATATG GCTATTAAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGTTTGTAGGACATACAGA TAATTACTCCTAATTTCCAATTCAAATCACCGTACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTT

TACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGACTTACATTAAAT TTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-5313

GCATTCATTTATATGCCCCATTAATAATTAAGCACGGATTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAACCTATTATCCACTAACATATA AGCAAGTAATGACAGTCATTAATATTACATAACACATATCATTATTATCGTAC ATAAAACTATAATCCATACGAATATTCACATCACATATAATATGAATGCTTTAA TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCC ATACGTCTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC CAACAACCCGCCCACCAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGA ATGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGT CTAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTT ATTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCACGGCGGGCTTGAGAGAACCGA CCCCAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATG GCTATTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAG ATAATTATTCCTAATTTCCAATTCAATCATACACACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTT TTACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAA TTTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

NU-138

CCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACATATGG CTTCTGGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGAT AATTATTCCCGATTTCCAATTCAATCACACACACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTCAAATT CTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

NU-139

GCATTCATTTATATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATCTATTATCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTAATTTATTATTAATATTACATAATACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAACACTACAATCCACATGGATATCCACACATACATAACATGAATGCTTCACT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCAAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCTTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA CCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACATATGG CTTCTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGAT AATTATTCCCGGTTTCCAATTCAATCACACACACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTCAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

NU-134

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA ATAACATTATATTCCATACGAATATTCATGAGATACACATTATTAATGCTCTTC TGACATATCTGCGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCC ATATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC CAACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGA TTGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAGTGT CTAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAAC TTTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGG TTAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATATAAAT AATTAATTCTGATTTCCAATTCAATCACACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTT TATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAAT TTTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTGGTATTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGATTCAGCATAGCCGCGGGGGGCTTGAGAGGGTCCAAC CCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACATATGG CTTCTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGAT AATTATTCCCGGTTTCCAATTCAATCACACACACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTCAAATT CTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-4933

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATATAT GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTCTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAATATTATTAATATTACATAGCACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGAAATACATATTATTAATGTTCTTCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAAAT AATTAATTCTGATTTCCAATTCAATCACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTTTA TTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGATGGGCCTATCTTAAATTT TTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-6135

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTATATTCCACTAGCATATA

AU-6141 GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTATATTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAACATTATTAATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATACGGATATCCGTGAAATACATATTATCAATGTTTTCCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCCTTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCATCCCCAATGTTGGTTTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TCGGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATAGAAAT AATTAATTCTAATTTCCAATTCAATTACACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTT ATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAATT TTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATTTAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAAATTATTAACCACTAGCGTATA AGCAAGTAATGGAAATCATTAATATTACATTATACATACTATTATTACTGTACA TAAAATTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGTTATACATAACGTGAATGTTTTACT GACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCAT ATGTCTATCCACTTCCAATGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA ACAACCCGGCCCACTAGTGCTTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGCCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTTAT TTTCGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAACC CTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGCTGGC TATTAGGTTAATGCTTACAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAAAT ATTATTCCCAATTTCCAATTTAATCACATGCGCGTTTCATAAGACTGTTTTTTTA

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTACATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATATTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAACATTATTAATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGAAATACATATTATCAATGTTTCCCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCCTTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCATCCCCAATGTTGGTTTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TCGGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATAGAAAT AATTAATTCTAATTTCCAATTCAATTACACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTT ATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAATT TTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

NU-111

CTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATTT TGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

NU-121

GCATTCATTTATATGCCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGGACTATAATTATATACAG TACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATCTATTCTCCACTAGCATATAA GCAAGTACTAACATTATTAATATTACATAGTCCATACTATTATTACCGTACATA ACATTATAATCCACGAATATCCATGAATACATAATATCAATGTCTTTATGAC ATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCATAT GACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCAAC AACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGGGTC GCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATCAATTGC TTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCTAA TCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTATTTTC GGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAGCCAACTTCA GTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGTTAA TAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATAAAAATAAT TAATTCTGATTTCCAGTTCAATTACACACACATTACATGGAACTATTTTTTATT GCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAATTTTG CCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAGTAAGACTTAAAAACCCT

NU-110

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATTTAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAAATTATTAACCACTAGCGTATA AGCAAGTAATGGAAATCATTAATATTACATTATAACATACTATTATTACTGTACA TAAAATTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGTTATACATAACGTGAATGTTTTACT GACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCAT ATGTCTATCCACTTCCAATGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA ACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCTTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGCCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTAT TTTCGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAACC CTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGCTGGC TATTAGGTTAATGCTTACAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAAAT AATTATTCCCAATTTCCAATTTAATCACATGCGCGTTTCATAAGACTGTTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-6136

GCATTTATTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAATATTATTAATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAATATCATACTCCATACGAGTATTCACGAAACACATATTATTAATGCTTTTCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA CATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATAGAAAT AATTAATCCTGAATTCCAATTCAAATTCACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTTT ATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCAGGTGGTGGGGCCTATCTTAAAAT TTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-6224

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAAATTATATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAAATTACTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAATATTATTAATATTACATAGCACATACTATTATTAGCGTACA TAACACTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGAAATACATATTATCAATGCTTTTCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTAAT

AU-5846 GCATTTATTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTATTTCCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAATATCATTAATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGGAACACATAGTATCAATGCTCTTCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA

GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAGACATTATTAATATTACATAGCACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGAAACACATATTAATGCTTCCCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAGCCAACT TCAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTCGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATAAGAAT AATTAATTCCTAATTTCCAATTCAATTACACACACATTACATAGAACTATTTT TTATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAA TTTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATAGAAAT AATTAATCCTGATTTCCAATTCAATCACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTTA TTGCAAACCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGGCCTATCTTAAATTT TTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-5563 GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTATCTTCCACTAGCATATA

GCATTTATTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGGACTATACATTATACA

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GCATTTATTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAACTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAGTTATTATTGATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTGTCGTACA TAACATTATAATCCATATGAATATCCATGAAATACATATTGTTAATGCTCTTCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTAAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAGCCAATT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATAAAAAT AATTAATTCTGATTTCCAATTCAATTACACACACATTACATAGAACTATTTTTT ATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCACTACCCCAGGTAGTGGGCCTATCTTAAATT TTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AGCAAGTACTAGATATTATTGATATTACATAGTACATATTATTATTATCCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATACGAATATTCATGAAATACATATTATTAATGCTTTCCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAATGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATTTCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATAAAAT AATTAATTCCGATTTCCAATTCAATCACACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTT TATTGCAAACCCCCTTACCCCCACCACCACCACGTGGGGGGCCTATCTTAAAT

NU-195

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TATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGGGCCTATCTTAAAT TTTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-3700

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AU-3684 GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTACTATAAATTATATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAAATTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAATATTATTAATATTACATAGCACATACTATTATTATCGTACA TAATATTATAACCCATACGAATACCCATGAAATACATAGTATCAATGCTTTTCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTGGTATCTTTTTT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATAGAAAT AATTAATCCTGATTTCCAATTCAATCACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTTA TTGCAAACCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAATTT TTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-2516

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AU-6205

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GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAGATTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAAAATCATTAATATTACATAACACATATTGTTATTACCGTACA TAACATTATATTCCATACGAATATTCATGAGATACACAGTATTAATGCTCTTCT GACATATCTGCGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA

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NU-137

AU-4287 GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTTTCCACTAGCATATA

GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTTTTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAAAATCATTAATATTACATAGTACATACTATTATTATCGTACA TAACATTATATTCCATACGAATATCCATGAAATACACATTATTAATGCTCTCCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAGTGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TAATAGATTAATGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATATAAAT AATTAATTCTGATTTCCAATTCAATCACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTTTT TGCAAACCCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAGTGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAACCAACT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAAAT AATTAATTCTGATTTCCAATTCAATCACACACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTT TATTGCAAACCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCACGGTGGTGGGGCCTATCTTAAAT TTTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

GCATTTATTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAA

GCATTTATTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAG GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTCTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAAATATTATTAATATTACATAGCACATACTATTATTATCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATACGAATATTCATGAGATACATATTAATGTTCTTCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAGCACCATCCCAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAGCCAACT TCAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATAAAAAT AATTAATTCTAATTTCCAATTCAATTACACACACATTACATAGAACTATTTTTT ATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAATT TTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-6252

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCATGGACTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTTCCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTAGATATTATTAATATTACATAGTACATATTATTATTACCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATGAAACACATATCATTAATGTTCTTCT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATTCCAGTCAAATCCTTTCTCTTCCA TATGACTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTTTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGTACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAT TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCCAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTGGGAGGCATGAGAGAGCCAACT TTAGTCCAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTATATCTTGCACATCTCCAACAGATGGT TAATAGATTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATAAAAAT AATTAATTCTAATTTCCAATTCAATTACACACACATTACATAGAACTATTTTTT ATTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTATCTTAAATT TTTGCCAAACCCCTAAAACAAAATTTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-4290

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AU-6153

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AU-3321

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CCCCAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATG GCTATTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAG ATAATTATTCCTAATTTCCAATTCAATCATACACACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTT TTACTGCAAACCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAA TTTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-4670

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTATTATAAATTATAAA

NU-150

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AU-6154

AU-6138

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AU-6140

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AU-6131

AU-6250

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATCAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATATACTGTCCACTAGCATATA TAAAACCCTACTCCATACGAATATTTATATAATACATAATATGAATGCTCTAAT GACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCAT ATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA ACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGTCCATACGTCCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGGGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAACC TTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGCTGGC TATAAGTTAATGGTTACAGGACATACTTTCAATGCTTGTATGACATACAAATAA TTATTCCCAATTTTCAATTCAATCACACGCACGCTTCATAGAACTATTTTTTAC TGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTAGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATTTT GCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-6197

AU-6256

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATCAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATATACTGTCCACTAGCATATA TAAAACCCTACTCCATACGAATATTTATATAATACATAATATGAATGCTCTAAT GACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCAT ATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA ACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGTCCATACGTCCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGGGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAACC TTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGCTGGC TATAAGTTAATGGTTACAGGACATACTTTCAATGCTTGTATGACATACAAATAA TTATTCCCAATTTCAATTCAATCACACGCACGCTTCATAGAACTATTTTTTAC TGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTAGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATTTT GCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-6225

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AU-6251

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AU-6134

AU-4937 GCATTCATTTATATGCCACATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATCTAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTACTATCCACTAGCATATA

GCATTCATTTATATGCCACATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAGTACATTTATGTATATAGTCCATTAAATTATTGTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTATAAGTTATTAATATTACATAGTACATAAGACTATTACCGTAC ATTAAATCATCATCCATACGAATATTCATGTTATACATAATATGAATGCTTTAA TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAAC CCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGATGG CTAATAAGTTAATGCTTACAGGACATATAATCAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGA TAATTATTCCTAGATTTCAATTCAATCGCACGCACGTTACATAGAACTATCTTT TTTATCGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAA ATTTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

GCATTCATTTATATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATCTATTATCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTAATTTATTATTAATATTACATAATACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAACACTACAATCCACATGGATATCCACACATACATAACATGAATGCTTCACT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCAAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCTTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGATTCAGCATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAAC CCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACATATGG CTTCTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGAT AATTATTCCCGGTTTCCAATTCAATCACACACACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTCAAATT CTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

NU-152

NU-151

GCATTCATTTATATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATCTATTATCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTAATTTATTATTAATATTACATAATACATACTATTATTACCGTACA TAACACTACAATCCACATGGATATCCACACATACATAACATGAATGCTTCACT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCAAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCTTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA CCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACATATGG CTTCTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGAT AATTATTCCCGGTTTCCAATTCAATCACACACACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTCAAATT CTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-3988
TTATCGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAA TTTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-3986

GCATTCATTTATATGCCACATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATCTAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTACTATCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTATTAGAAGTCATTAATATTACATAGCACATAAAATTATTACCGTAC ATTAAACTATTATCCATACGAATATCCATATTATACATGATATGAATGCTTTAA TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA CCTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGATGG CTAATAAGTTAATGCTTACAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGA TAATTACTCCTAATTTTCAATTCAATCGCACGCACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTT TTATCGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAA TTTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-4828

GCATTCATTTATATGCCACATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATCTAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTACTATCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTATTAGAAGTCATTAATATTACATAGCACATAAAATTATTACCGTAC ATTAAACCATTATCCATACGAATATCCATATTATACATAATATGAATGCTTTAA TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGATTCAGCATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAAC

GCATTCATTTATATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTACAAATTATAAAA GTACATAACACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAACTTACTATCCACTAACATATA AGCAAGTAATGAAAATCATTAATATTACATAATACATACTATTATTATTGTACA TAACACTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATATAATACATAGTATGAATGTTCTACT GACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCAT ATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA ACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACCTCAGGGCCATTGAAT

CTATTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGAT AATTATTCCTAGTTTCCAATTCAATCACGCGTACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGACTTACCTTAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-5172 GCATTCATTTATATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTACAAATTATAAA GTACATAACACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAACTTACTATCCACTAACATATA AGCAAGTAATGAAAATCATTAATATTACATAATACATACTATTATTATTGTACA TAACACTATAATCCATACGAATATCCATATAATACATAGTATGAATGCTCTACT GACATACCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACCTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGCCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAACATAGCCGCGGGGGCTTGAGAGGGGCCAAC CCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATGG

CCTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGATGG CTAATAAGTTAATGCTTACAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGA TAATTACTCCTAATTTCAATTCAATCGCACGCACGTTACATAGAACTATTTTT TTATCGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAA TTTTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

GCATTCGTTTATATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTACAAATTATATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAACTTACTATCCACTAACATATA AGCAAGTAATGAAAATCATTAATATTACATAATACATACTACTACTATTACTGTAC ATAACACTATAATCCGTACGAATATCCATATAATACATAGTATGAATGCTCTAC TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA

GCATTCGTTTATATGCCCCATCAATAATTAAGCATGGATTACAAATTATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAACTTACTATCCACTAACATATA AGCAAGTAATGAAAATCATTAATATTACATAATACATACTACTACTATTACTGTAC ATAACACTATAATCCGTACGAATATCCATATAATACATAGTATGAATGCTCTAC TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTAGCTAACAATGTACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACCTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGCCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAACATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGGCCAAC CCTAGTCTAGCTGGACTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATGG CTATTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATATAGAT AATTATTCCTAGTTTCCAATTCAATCACGCGTACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGACTTACCTTAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-5453

AU-3323 GCATTCATTTATATGCCCCATTAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATTTATTATCCACTAACATATA

GCATTCATTTATATACCCCATTAACAATTAAGCACGAATTATAAATTACATAAA GTACATAGTACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTATCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTAATAAGAGTCATTAATATTACATAATACATAATCATCATCGTAC ATAACATTATTATCCACACGGATACTCATACCATACATAACATGAATGCTTTAA CGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCC ATATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC CAACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACTTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTAGCTAATAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGA ATGTTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGT CTAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTT ATTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAACATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGGGCCAA CCCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATG GCTATTAGGTTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAG ATAATTATTCCTACTTTCCAATTCAATCATACGCACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTT TTTACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAA ATTCTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

TATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTAGCTAACAATGTACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACCTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGCCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAACATAGCCGCGGCGGGCCTTGAGAGGGCCAAC CCTAGTCTAGCTGGACTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATGG CTATTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAAGACATATAGAT AATTATTCCTAGTTTCCAATTCAATCACGCGTACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGACTTACCTTAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATCAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATATACTGTCCACTAGCATATA TAAAACCCTACTCCATACGAATATTTATATATAATACATAATATGAATGCTCTAAT GACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCAT ATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA ACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGTCCATACGTCCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGGGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAACC TTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGCTGGC TATAAGTTAATGGTTACAGGACATACTTTCAATGCTTGTATGACATACAAATAA TTATTCCCAATTTTCAATTCAATCACACGCACGCTTCATAGAACTATTTTTTAC TGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTAGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATTTT GCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-4731

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTATTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATAAAGTACATTAAACTATTAACCACTAGCATAT AAGCAAGTAATAGATATCATTGATATTACATAACACATACTATTATTACCGTAC ATAAAACTACTATCCATACGAATATTCATGCAATATACAAAGTGAATGTTTTAC TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA CACGTCTATCCACTTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGCCCATACGTCCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAAC CTTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGCTGG CTATTAGGTTAATGCTCACAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAAA TATTATTCCTAATTTCAATTCAATAACACGTGCGTTTCATAAGACTATTTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAATCCCT

AU-4730

CTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATTT TGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAATCCCT

AU-6232

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATCAATAATTAAGCATGTACTATAAATTATAAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATATACTGTCCACTAGCATATA TAAAACCCTACTCCATACGAATATTTATATAATACATAATATGAATGCTCTAAT GACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCAT ATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA ACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGTCCATACGTCCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTTAT TTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGGGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAACC TTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGCTGGC TATAAGTTAATGGTTACAGGACATACTTTCAATGCTTGTATGACATACAAATAA TTATTCCCAATTTTCAATTCAATCACACGCACGCTTCATAGAACTATTTTTTAC TGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTAGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATTTT GCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

AU-4734

AU-6269

GCATTCATTTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCACGTATTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATAAAGTACATTAAACTATCAACCACTAGCATAT ATAAAACTACTATCCATACGAATATTCATGTAATATATAAAGTGAATGTTTTAC TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGGCTAGCACCATTTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA CACGTCTATCCACTTCCAATGTTGGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTCGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTCCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA CTTAGTCTAGCTGAGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTACACATCTCCAACAGCTGG CTATTAGGTTAATGCTCATAGGACATATAATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAAAT ATTATTCCTAATTTCAATTCAATAACACGTGCGTTTCATAAGACTATTTTTTT CTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCTGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATTT TGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAATCCCT

AU-3322

GCATTCATTTATATGCCCCATTAATAATTAAGCATGGATTATAAATTATAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAATTTATTATCCACTAACATATA AGCAAGTAATGACAGTCATTAATATTACATAACACATATCATTATTATCGTAC ATAGAACTATAATCCATACGAATATTCACATCACATATAATATGAATGCTTTAA TGACATATCTGTGTTATCTGACTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCC ATACGTCTATCCACCTCCAACGTTGGTCTATTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC CAACAACCCGCCCACCAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGA ATGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGT CTAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTT ATTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCACGGCGGGCTTGAGAGAACCGA CCCCAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATG GCTATTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAG ATAATTATTCCTAATTTCCAATTCAATCATACACACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTT TTTACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAA ATTTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATCTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCACGGCGGGGCTTGAGAGAACCGAC CCCAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATGG CTATTAGATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGAT AATTATTCCTAATTTCCAATTCAATCATACACACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTTT ACTGCAAACCCCCATACCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

CAACAACCCGCCCACTGGTACTTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGG GGTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGA ATGTTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGT CTAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTT

ATATGTCTATCCATCTCCAACGTTGGTCTGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAAC

ATTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAACATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGGGCCAA

CCCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATG

GCTATTAGGTTAATGCTTATAGGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAG

ATAATTATTCCTACTTTCCAATTCAATCATACGCACGTTTCATAGAACTATTTT

TTTACTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAA

ATTCTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

N. leucodon

NU-209

GCATTCATCTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCAAGGATTATAAATTATTTAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTGTCCACTAGCATATA TAACATTATAATCCATATGAATATCCATATAATACATGATATTAATGCTTTGAT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGACTAACACCATCCCAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCACTTCCAACGTTTGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTAGCTAACTATGTATTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA CCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATGG CTAGTAAATTAATGCTTATATGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGAT TATTATTCCTAATTTCCAATTCAATCACGCACACGTCACGTAGGACTATTTTTT ATCGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCT

NU-211

GCATTCATCTATATACCACATTAATAATTAAGCAAGGATTATAAATTATTTAAA GTACATAATACATTAATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTGTCCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACTATAAATCATTAATATTACATAACACATACTGTTATTACCGTACA TAATATTATAATCCATATGAATATCCATATAATACATGATATTAATGCTTTGAT GACATATCTGTGTTATCAGGCTAACACCATCCTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTTCCA TATGTCTATCCACTTCCAACGTTTGTCCGTTCATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AACAACCCGCCCACTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGG GTAGCTAACTATGTATTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCTCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCTCACACATAACTGTGGTGTCATGCATTTGGTATTTTTTA TTTTCGGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGCGGCGGGCTTGAGAGGTCCAAC CCTAGTCTAGCTGGGCTTGAATTTTGGTGTATCTTGCACATCTCCAACATATGG CTAATGAATTAATGCTTATATGACATATAGTTAATGCTTGTAGGACATACAGAT TATTATTCCTAATTTCCAATTCAATCACGCACACGTCACGTAGGACTATTTTTT ATCGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTGAAACCCT

NU-214

ATCGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCACCACCCAGGTGGTGGACTTATCTTAAATT TTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAATTAAGTAAGACTTGAAACCCT

N. ehrenbergi

NU-223

ACATTCAACTATATATCGCATCAACAATTAAGCAAGTACGAACACACAATTCC CACACAACCATACCTATGTATATAGTACATTAAGTTATTTACCACTAGCATATA TAACACTATTATCCACATGAATATTCATGCATACATAATATTAATGTTCTACTG ACATATCTGCGTTATCAGGCATACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTACCAC ATGACTATCCACTCCCAACGTTGGTCTCTTTATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA GCAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCCTAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATACATTTGGTATTTTTATTTT TGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTCAAGGCATGAAGGATCCAACCTTAG TCTAGCTGGACTTGTATATATTATTACTCCACACATCTCCAACAAGTGGCTAT TCAATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATTAATAATTAATACTAAATTTCAATTCAACA ACACGCACCACACAGTATTATTTTTTTTTTTTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCA TCACCCCAGGTGATGGGCCTTATCTTAAAATTTGCCAAAACCCCAAAAACAAAA TTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCTCAATTATTTTCTTTCTATAAGTTGCCA

NU-225

TAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCTCAATTATTTTCTTTCTATAAGTTGCCA

NU-224

ACATTCAACTATATATCGCATCAACAATTAAGCAAGTACGAACACACAATTCC CACACAACCATACCTATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTTACCACTAGCATATA TAACACTATTATCCACATGAATATTCATGCATACATAATATTAATGTTCTACTG ACATATCTGCGTTATCAGGCATACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTACCAC ATGACTATCCACTCCCAACGTTGATCTCTTTATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA GCAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCCTAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATACATTTGGTATTTTTATTTT TGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTCAAGGCATGAAGGATCCAACCTTAG TCTAGCTGGACTTGTATATATTATTACTCCACACATCTCCAACAGTGGCTATT CACACGCACCACAGTATTATTTTTTTTTTTTCTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCAT CACCCCAGGTGATGGGCCTTATCTTAAAATTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAAT TAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCTCAATTATTTTCTTTCTATAAGTTGCCA

NU-219

AU-2137 ACATTCAACTATATATCGCATCAACAATTAAGCAAGTACGAACACACAAATTCC CACACAACCATACCTATGTATATAGTACATTAAGTTATTTACCACTAGCATATA AGCAGTACAATATATTATTAATATTACATAATACATACAGTTATTAACGTACAT

ACATTCAACTATATATCGCATCAACAATTAAGCAAGTACGAACACACAATTCC CACACAACCATACCTATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTTACCACTAGCATATA TAACACTATTATCCACATGAATATTCATGCATACATAATATTAATGTTCTACTG ACATATCTGCGTTATCAGGCATACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTACCAC ATGACTATCCACTCCCAACGTTGATCTCTTTATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA GCAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCCTAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATACATTTGGTATTTTTATTTT TGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTCAAGGCATGAAGGATCCAACCTTAG TCTAGCTGGACTTGTATATATTATTTACTCCACACATCTCCAACAGTGGCTATT TAATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATTAATAATTAATACTAAATTTCAATTCAACAA CACACGCACCACAGTATTATTTTTTTTTTTTCTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCAT CACCCCAGGTGATGGGCCTTATCTTAAAATTTGCCAAAACCCCAAAAACAAAAT TAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCTCAATTATTTCTTTCTATAAGTTGCCA

NU-220

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NU-221

ACATTCAACTATATATCGCATCAACAATTAAGCAAGTACGAACACACAATTCC CACACAACCACCTATGTATATAGTACATTAAATTATTTACCACTAGCATATA AGCAAGTACAATATATTATTAATATTACATAATACATATAATTATCAACGTACA TAACACTATTATCCACATGAATATTCATGTATACATAATATTAATGTTCTACTG ACATATCTGCGTTATCAGGCATACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTCTACCAC ATGACTATCCACTCCCAACGTTGGTCTCTTTATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA GCAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTTAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCCTAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATACATTTGGTATTTTTATTTT TGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTCAAGGCATGAAGGATCCAACCTCAG TCTAGCTGGACTTGTATATATTATTATTACTCCACACATCTCCAACAAGTGGCTAT TTAATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATTAATAATTAATACTAAATTTCAATTCAACA ACGCACGCACCACGCAGTATTATTTTTTTTTTTTCCTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCA TCACCCCAGGTGATGGGCCTTATCTTAAAATTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAA TTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCTCAATTATTTTCTTTCTATAAGTTGCCA

NU-218

TCACCCCAGGTGATGGGCCTTATCTTAAAATTTGCCAAACCCCAAAAACAAAA TTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCTCAATTATTTTCTTTCTATAAGTTGCCA

NU-227

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NU-229

ACATTCAACTATATATCGCATCAGCAATTAAGCAAGTACAAAACACACAATTCC CACCACACAATATACTTATGTATATAGTGCATTAAATTATTTACCACTAGCATA ATAACACTATTATCCACATGAATATTCATGTATACATAATATTAATGTTCTACT GACATATCTGCGTTATCAGGCATACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTTTACCA CATGACTATCCACTCCCAACGTTGGTCTCTTTATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACC AGCAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTCTCGCTCCGGGCTCATTAAACTTGGGG GTAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAA TGCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTC TAATCAGCCCATGCCTAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATACATTTGGTATTTTTATTT TTGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTCAAGGCATGAAGGATCCAACCTTA

NU-228

ACATTCAACTATATATCGCATCAGCAATTAAGCAAGTACAAACACACAATTCC CACACAACCATACCTATGTATATAGTGCATTAAATTATTTACCACTAGCATATA TAACACTATTATCCACATGAATATTCATGTATACATAATATTAATGTTCTACTG ACATATCTGCGTTATCAGGCATACACCATCTTAGTCAAATCATTTCTTTACCAC ATGACTATCCACTCCCAACGTTGGTCTCTTTATCTACCATCCTCCGTGAAACCA GCAACCCGCCCACTAGTACCTCTCTTCTCGCTCCGGGCCCATTAAACTTGGGGG TAGCTAACAATGCACTTTATCAGACATCTGGTTCTTACTTCAGGGCCATTGAAT GCTTTATCGTCCATACGTTCCCCTTAAATAAGACATCTCGATGGATTAATGTCT AATCAGCCCATGCCTAACATAACTGTGGTGTCATACATTTGGTATTTTTATTTT TGGGGATGCTGTGACTCAGCATAGCCGTCAAGGCATGAAGGATCCAACCTTAG TCTAGCTGGACTTGTATATATTATTACTCCACACATCTCCAACAAGTGGCTAT TTAATTAATGCTTGTAGGACATATTAATAATTAATACTAAATTTCAATTCAACA ACGTACACACCACACAGTATTATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTCTGCAAACCCCCCTTACCCCCCA CCACCCCAGGTGGTGGGCCTTATCTTAAAATTTGCCAAAACCCCAAAAACAAAA TTAAGTAAGACTTAAAACCCTCAATTATTTTCTTTCTATAAGTTGCCA